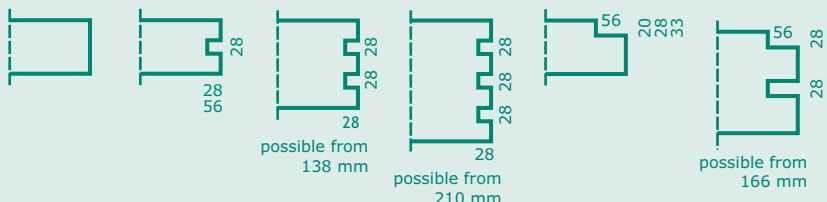


BBS technical data



design	multi-ply, crosswise 3-, 5-, 7- and 9-layered
type of wood	spruce larch arolla pine douglas white fir
wood humidity	12 % +/- 2 %
quality top ply	residential visible AB industrial visible BC non visible
surfaces AB BC	plane jointless glued each longitudinal layer = single ply panel planed double-sided optional polished on one side or brushed
dimensions	width 125 cm length up to 24 m [general finger joint GFJ] thickness 65 mm - 282 mm
longitudinal edge	all longitudinal edges lightly chamfered [~ 3 mm] standard profile, double-sided 
adhesion	single ply panel: MUF E1, watertight, transparent BBS: PU-glue formaldehyde free
deformation	element length direction 0,010 % per % change of wood humidity elemental cross direction 0,025 % per % change of wood humidity
weight	spruce $\rho[12\%] \sim 470$ kg/m ³ larch $\rho[12\%] \sim 590$ kg/m ³
heat insulation	heat conductance $\lambda_R = 0,13$ W/mK [DIN] $\lambda_{\text{measured}} = 0,092$ W/mK [98 mm BBS] specific heat capacity $c = 2,10$ kJ/kgK heat penetration coefficient $b = 22$ kJ/m ² Kh ^{1/2}
sound insulation	massive sound insulation through massive construction expert's report on inquiry
fire protection	combustion speed 0,67 mm/min expert's report on inquiry
diffusion	open to diffusion, vapour braking diffusion resistance figure $\mu \sim 70$
approval	European Technical Approval ETA-06/0009 CE German Technical Approval DIBt-Berlin Z-9.1-534



BBS characteristics



cross sectional

layers	thickness ¹⁾	construction								A _{net}	I _{net}	W _{net}	i _{net}	A _q	
	[mm]	[mm]								[cm ²]	[cm ⁴]	[cm ³]	[cm]	[cm ²]	
3	65 / 19	19	27	19						380	2.125	654	2,36	650	
	74 / 19	19	36	19						380	2.988	808	2,80	740	
	81 / 19	19	43	19						380	3.766	930	3,15	810	
	91 / 19	19	53	19						380	5.039	1.107	3,64	910	
5	102 / 19	19	22	20	22	19				580	6.726	1.319	3,41	1.020	
	112 / 19	19	27	20	27	19				580	8.398	1.500	3,81	1.120	
	122 / 19	19	22	40	22	19				780	10.726	1.758	3,71	1.220	
	130 / 19	19	36	20	36	19				580	11.886	1.829	4,53	1.300	
	143 / 39	39	22	21	22	39				990	22.157	3.099	4,73	1.430	
	153 / 39	39	27	21	27	39				990	26.408	3.452	5,16	1.530	
	163 / 39	39	22	41	22	39				1.190	31.546	3.871	5,15	1.630	
	171 / 39	39	36	21	36	39				990	35.043	4.099	5,95	1.710	
7	185 / 39	39	43	21	43	39				990	42.632	4.609	6,56	1.850	
	199 / 39	39	27	20	27	20	27	39		1.180	53.251	5.352	6,72	1.990	
	226 / 39	39	36	20	36	20	36	39		1.180	72.448	6.411	7,84	2.260	
	247 / 39	39	43	20	43	20	43	39		1.180	89.456	7.243	8,71	2.470	
9	282 / 39	39	36	20	36	20	36	20	36	39	1.380	128.878	9.140	9,66	2.820

total / top layer¹⁾ double-sided visible quality | 2 mm thinner

- ... longitudinal layer
- ... cross layer
- ... standard thickness

- A_{netto} ... cross sectional area net [only longitudinal layers]
 - I_{netto} ... torque of inertia net [only longitudinal layers]
 - W_{netto} ... section modulus net [only longitudinal layers]
 - i_{netto} ... gyration radius net [only longitudinal layers]
 - A_q ... total cross section area [for thrust calculation]
- crosssectional data relating to BBS with a width of 1 m

material

kind of loading	DIN 1052-1 DIN 4074-1		relating to
	[N/mm ²]		
E-module inflexion	E _B	11.000	net cross section
inflexion right angled to plane	perm s _B	7,50	net cross section
G-module from lateral force	G _q	60	total cross section
thrust from lateral force	perm t _q	0,30	total cross section
pressure in palne	perm s _D	8,50	net cross section
normal pressure to plane	perm s _{D normal}	2,50	surface
pull on plane	perm s _Z	4,90	net cross section
kind of loading	EN 1995-1-1 EN 338		relating to
	[N/mm ²]		
E-module inflexion	E _{o,mean}	11.000	net cross section
inflexion right angled to plane	f _{m,k}	18	net cross section
G-module from lateral force	G _{mean}	60	total cross section
thrust from lateral force	f _{R,k}	0,70	total cross section
pressure in palne	f _{c,o,k}	21	net cross section
normal pressure to plane	f _{c,90,k}	2,5	surface
pull on plane	f _{t,o,k}	9,80	net cross section



BBS grading

spruce residential **AB** | example



spruce industrial **BC** | example

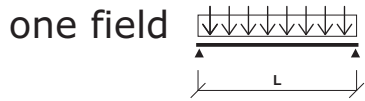


top layer

extract from the european standard DIN EN 13017-1 classification of the surfaces of cross laminated timber			
characteristics	A	B	C
adhesion	no open glued joints	open joints; < 100 mm/m glued joint permitted	open joints; < 100 mm/m glued joint permitted
visual appearance and colour	well balanced in colour and texture	considerably balanced in colour and texture	no requirements
texture	rough texture permitted	rough texture permitted	no requirements
branches	healthy, strongly grown spruce branches : up to 40 mm diameter larch branches: up to 60 mm diameter sporadic black branches	healthy, strongly grown branches and sporadic black branches permitted	permitted
dowel ²	Natural branch dowel permitted	permitted	permitted
rosin gall	sporadic up to 3 mm x 40 mm permitted	sporadic up to 5 mm x 50 mm permitted	permitted
repaired rosin galls	permitted	permitted	permitted
ingrowing bark	not permitted	permitted if sporadic	permitted
shake	sporadic surface shakes permitted	Surface and end shakes up to 50 mm length permitted if sporadic	permitted
pith	sporadic up to 400 mm length permitted	permitted	permitted
compression wood	permitted if sporadic	permitted	permitted
insect attack	not permitted	not permitted	small sporadic holes from non-active larvae permitted
discolouring	not permitted	slight discolouring permitted	permitted
decay	not permitted	not permitted	not permitted
sapwood	with larch, narrow stripes up to 20 % of the laminated width	permitted	permitted
quality of the surface finish	is permitted small sporadic flaws	sporadic flaws	no requirements

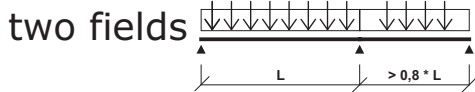
² Measurements of oval dowels as by branches

BBS predimensioning



area load in kN/m ² excl. dead load BBS	span width													
	3,0 m		3,5 m		4,0 m		4,5 m		5,0 m		5,5 m		6,0 m	
	permitted bowing under load													
	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400
2,0	74	81			102	122	122			143	143	153	153	163
2,5				102			130				143	163	163	185
3,0	81							143			153	171		199
3,5		102									163	185		
4,0				112		122					163	185	185	
4,5	102						143			153		171		226
5,0				122							163	185		
5,5										163				
6,0										185				247
6,5	112						153				199	226	226	
7,0														
7,5				143						199				282
8,0	122					153	163				226	247	247	

F60
F90



area load in kN/m ² excl. dead load BBS	span width longer field													
	3,0 m		3,5 m		4,0 m		4,5 m		5,0 m		5,5 m		6,0 m	
	permitted bowing under load													
	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400	I/300	I/400
2,0		65		74	81	102	102	102	122	122				143
2,5	65			81				112	130	130				
3,0		74			102	112	122	122			143		143	153
3,5														163
4,0	74						122			143	143		153	171
4,5				102		112	122						163	185
5,0	81						130						163	185
5,5								143		143	153	153	171	199
6,0														
6,5				112		130			163	163	185	185	199	
7,0	102						143							
7,5								153		171			199	
8,0				112	143				163		185	199		226

F60
F90

The length of the shorter field amounts to between 80% and 100% of the longer field.

This tables may be used for predimensioning BBS and do not replace static calculations. The strain is to be seen as evenly divided area load. The dead load of BBS has been included in the calculation and does not have to be taken into consideration. Further predimensionings: office@binder-holzbausysteme.com



BBS charging



standard

longitudinal edges standard profiles on both sides
transverse edges cut rightangled | tolerance + 10 mm

CNC-machining

longitudinal edges standard profiles on both sides
transverse edges cut rightangled or angled

general

charging	charging width = 125 cm 62,5 cm lengths are rounded up to full cm the circumlocutory rectangle sets the standard Verrechnungsbreite = 125 cm 62,5 cm
not included	machining at transverse edges [notches, millcutting, flatterng] cuttings < 25 cm round resp. curved machining drilling, slots, ...
tools	5-axial chain saw max. cutting depth = 35 cm milling cutter diameter 80 mm, 100 mm
special machining	on request surcharge

